

Today's Metal Prices

NEW YORK QUOTATIONS.

New York, Jan. 24.—Silver, 57 5/8c; lead, 58.10; spelter, not quoted; copper, firm, electrolytic, second quarter delivery, \$25.00 and \$25.50.

The Ogden Standard

FEARLESS, INDEPENDENT, PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER

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TEN PAGES

WEATHER—Utah: Generally Cloudy With Snow Tonight, or Tuesday, Not Much Change in Temperature.

Forty-sixth Year—No. 20.

Price: Five Cents.

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 24, 1916.

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice, Ogden, Utah.

Forty-Five French Aeroplanes Bombard Enemy Ammunition Depots at Monastir

GERMAN AVIATOR DROPS BOMBS ON DOVER STATION AND BARRACKS

Austrians and Bulgars Start Active Operation in Albania—Artillery Fighting Continues Along Whole Western Front—Allied Squadron Bombards Metz—One Aeroplane Shot Down and Occupants Made Prisoners—Germans Shell and Set on Fire Russian Railroad Train.

London, Jan. 24, 7:58 p. m.—Austro-Hungarian troops have occupied the important town of Scutari in northern Albania, according to a Stefani News Agency dispatch from Athens.

London, Jan. 24, 4:12 p. m.—Harold J. Tennant, parliament under-secretary for war, announced in the house of commons this afternoon that in the course of the last four weeks thirteen British aeroplanes were lost on the western front and nine or ten German machines brought to the ground.

Paris, Jan. 24, via London, 4 p. m.—At the war office the following report was made this afternoon: "The artillery action over the whole front was feeble. In the Artois district there fighting on both sides with hand grenades and torpedoes before the defense works in the vicinity of Neuville. Northeast of Roye and to the east of Soyecourt, south of the Somme, we cannonaded provision trains.

Ten projectiles were fired on Nancy between 7 and 8 o'clock this morning. "Last night our aviators bombarded the Anzy-la-Croix line and the military establishment at Nogent l'Abbesse. This morning one of our squadrons composed of seven machines dropped a score of bombs on the enemy's commissary headquarters at Houthulst and at Middelkerke, Belgium."

Berlin, Jan. 24.—By wireless to Sayville.—The following official statement was given out today by German army headquarters:

"Western front: There have been lively artillery and aeroplane actions. An enemy squadron bombarded Metz, where bombs fell on the bishop's dwelling and on a house in the hospital court. Two civilians were killed and eight wounded. One aeroplane was shot down and its inmates made prisoners.

"German aviators have bombarded railroad stations and military establishments behind the enemy's front. In several air engagements the Germans had the upper hand.

"Eastern front: German artillery shelled and set on fire a Russian railroad train north of Evinsk.

"Balkan front: An enemy air squadron coming from Greek soil, bombarded Monastir. There were several casualties in killed and wounded among the inhabitants."

Review of War Situation.

Dover, the great English channel port through which the main line of

communication between Great Britain and France runs, was raided by a German naval aeroplane Saturday night.

The German admiral announced today. This raid is the one announced from London yesterday as having been made on "the east coast of Kent."

The German statement reports that bombs were dropped from the machine on the station, barracks and docks of Dover. The British account gave the casualties in this air raid as one killed and six wounded.

Fighting in Albania. Military operations in the Balkans are mainly confined to Albania. Austrian occupation of Montenegro having virtually been completed with the taking of the Adriatic coast towns of Antivari and Dulcigno, reported yesterday.

King Nicholas has reached Rome on his way to Lyons, France, where the Montenegrin government has its present headquarters.

Bulgars Again Active. In Albania, according to a Saloniki correspondent, there is taking place a renewal of the Austro-Bulgarian offensive which is declared to be menacing the British-Franco expeditionary force. The Austrians are said to have occupied Berat and their advance on Avlona which is held up by the Italians is indicated as imminent.

Other Austrian forces are reported moving toward Durazzo where Albanian troops under Essad Pasha are expected to oppose them.

On the Greek border the only offensive operation recently reported is a raid by a squadron of forty-five French aeroplanes on Monastir.

TRAIN CRASHES INTO CHICAGO STREET CAR

Chicago, Jan. 24.—Four men, passengers on a Lawrence avenue street car, were killed and six other persons were injured today when a Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul passenger train crashed into the street car at a street crossing.

NO, YOUR BUSINESS ISN'T DIFFERENT

In every community there are those who say, "Advertising may be a fine thing for Joe, Jim and Jerry, but MY business is DIFFERENT."

AERO SQUADRON RAIDS MONASTIR

Forty-five French Flyers Damage Ammunition Depots, Staff Quarters and Rail Road Station.

ADVANCING ON AVLONA

Bulgars and Austrians to Attack Italians and Albanians—Durazzo an Objective.

Paris, Jan. 24, 10:45 a. m.—Bombardment of Monastir in southwestern Serbia, by a squadron of forty-five French aeroplanes yesterday is reported by the Havas correspondent at Saloniki. Considerable damage is said to have been done to ammunition depots, the quarters of the general staff and the railroad station.

The correspondent also reports that the Italian expeditionary force in Albania is soon to be attacked. Bulgarians who, in co-operation with Austrians, captured the Albanian town of Berat are reported to be advancing toward Avlona, which is held by the Italians. Austrian troops are said to be moving in the direction of Durazzo, where Essad Pasha, at the head of his Albanian troops, is preparing resistance.

GERMANS RAID CITY OF DOVER

Naval Aeroplane Drops Bombs on Station, Barracks and Docks of Port.

Berlin, Jan. 24, by wireless to Sayville.—The German admiral issued the following today: "A German naval aeroplane during the night of January 22-23 dropped bombs on the station, barracks and docks of Dover."

The official British account of the German aeroplane attack as given out yesterday said that the east coast of Kent was visited early Sunday morning by a hostile aeroplane which dropped nine bombs, killing one person and injuring six.

The German report does not mention the second raid, said by the British war office to have been made on the east coast of Kent by two seaplanes, shortly after noon yesterday.

Dover is one of the chief ports of communication between England and the continent. It has the finest harbor on the channel and since the completion of the harbor works in 1909 it has been an important naval station. It has extensive docks and naval establishments and a large garrison.

STEAMERS TAKEN INTO KIRK WALL

Standard Oil Tank Steamship and Norwegian Grain Ship Detained by British.

London, Jan. 20, 6:18 p. m.—(Delayed)—The Standard Oil tank steamship Petrolite, from Philadelphia January 3 for Copenhagen with a cargo of petroleum and the Norwegian steamship Mons, from Baltimore January 1 for Christiania with a cargo of wheat, rye and barley, have been taken into Kirkwall.

It was announced from Washington on January 17 that state department officials were investigating an affidavit by Captain Thompson of the Petrolite that his vessel was fired on and stopped by an Austrian submarine, off Alexandria, Egypt, on December 5 last and that supplies were removed. The affidavit was said to have declared that fourteen shots were fired at the ship, one of which crashed into the engine room and injured a Danish seaman and that the submarine commander took one of the Petrolite's crew aboard the ship while he obtained provisions from the tank steamship.

FRANCIS JOSEPH CRITICALLY ILL

Paris, Jan. 24, 11:15 a. m.—Press dispatches from Rome say that considerable anxiety is felt in Vienna in consequence of the illness of Emperor Francis Joseph whose chronic bronchitis has assumed an acute form. They add that he is confined to his bed, that all court receptions and audiences have been suspended and that he is not even receiving the military authorities.

He is being nursed by the Archduchess Zelta, wife of the heir to the throne, according to the same dispatches.

FAMOUS SWIMMER HELPS THE FRENCH



The first woman to swim the Solent, Mrs. Arthur Hamilton, has been utilizing her strength recently by working for the troops at the front in northern France. She is now at home for a rest in London, where she is well known in society. Mrs. Hamilton is famous as a long-distance swimmer, and is the holder of five medals.

EXPLOSION AT BLOWER PLANT

Fifteen Killed and as Many More Fatally Hurt When Great Building Collapses.

FEW ESCAPE INJURY

Fire Breaks Out in Ruins—Every Pane of Glass in Nearby School Broken.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 24.—Fifteen workmen were killed and as many more probably fatally injured in an explosion of the plant of the Kellogg Blower company in Harrison street here this afternoon.

The boiler in the plant exploded with terrific force. The three-story building crumpled and completely buried two score workmen. Few escaped uninjured. Fire broke out in the ruins.

The explosion broke every pane of glass in school 26, across the street from the wrecked factory, and threw the several hundred pupils into a panic. Order was restored and the children marched out without injury.

The blower company is operated under the Larkin company and manufactures glass and pottery ware.

TURKEY MAY ADMIT GUILT

Rumor That Turkish Submarine Sank British Liner Persia—Austria and Germany Deny Act.

Washington, Jan. 24.—Unofficial dispatches from abroad indicating that Turkey might acknowledge that one of her submarines sank the British liner Persia promise to revive the diplomatic features of that disaster. State department officials had no dispatches on the subject today from Ambassador Morgenthau. Neither had they received any official word from Ambassador Penfield at Vienna transmitting Austria's official disavowal of any connection with the disaster, reported unofficially last week.

DETAINED SHIP CARRIED NO COPPER

London, Jan. 24, 11:14 a. m.—The agents for the Swedish-American steamship Stockholm, which is now discharging part of its cargo for the prize court at Liverpool, deny that any copper in lard pails or parcel post packages containing rubber were discovered on board the vessel.

A dispatch from Liverpool on Saturday last said that British authorities published a report that pails on board the Stockholm, supposed to contain five hundred tons of lard really contained copper ingots and that heavy parcel post packages contained a large quantity of rubber.

PEOPLE FLEEING FROM FLOODS

Hundreds Along Illinois River Are Rescued From Homes in Boats.

DIKES ARE BREAKING

Valuable Farms Inundated and Scores of Dead Cattle and Horses Floating Down Stream.

Peoria, Ill., Jan. 24.—With the Illinois river still rising residents along the lowlands today were fleeing to safety. Hundreds have been rescued from their homes by boats. In many places dikes have broken and valuable farm lands are inundated. Reports from points up and down the Illinois indicate no damage to farm property and livestock.

Scores of dead cattle and horses are seen to be floating down stream. Hundreds of cabin boats along the lower river have broken from their moorings and either sunk or floated away.

From Lewiston and Havana come reports that the countryside around these towns is flooded. The Shoon river at Lewiston is reported out of its banks, covering nearby roadways and farm property to a depth of four or five feet. The stage of the water is at the highest point on record.

The Shoon river levee which protects thousands of acres of farm land below Havana, Illinois, 35 miles south of here, broke this morning. A score or more of families fled to higher ground. The towns of Havana, Lewiston and Duncan Mills are completely isolated from each other.

FLOOD CAUSING GREAT DAMAGE

Yuma Crowded With Refugees—Man Floats Down Colorado River on Housetop.

RELIEF PARTY SENT

Whole Family Clinging to Buggy Swirled Along in Raging Waters.

Yuma, Jan. 24.—First hand reports of probably loss of life and great property damage on the California side of the Colorado river began arriving here through refugees today. The town already is crowded with refugees from the Arizona side of the river.

John Seddon, the first man in from the California side, said his house in the Bard Indian reservation unit of the Yuma irrigation project was washed away.

He said he took refuge on the roof and floated about in the flood waters for six hours before being able to reach land. While on the house, he saw a man, woman and two children float by, clinging to a buggy.

Seddon lost all his livestock and said he believed other residents of the district suffered similar losses.

Relief Party Sent. A relief party left here today bound for the Bard reservation and other flooded districts.

Telephone service to the Hanlon head intake dam of the Imperial Valley irrigation system was out of order and no word from that section was received.

TWENTY-TWO MEN LOCKED IN JAIL

Deputy Sheriffs and Police-men Have Fierce Battle With Rioters at Spengler-Loomis Plant.

Rockford, Ill., Jan. 24.—Twenty-two men were locked up here today following a battle between deputy sheriffs, policemen and rioters at the Spengler-Loomis company plant. Nine men discharged by the company Saturday night appeared with others at the plant this morning and a riot followed. Two women employees were roughly handled when they attempted to enter the plant.

YOUNGSTOWN STRIKE SITUATION QUIET

Youngstown, O., Jan. 24.—There is no danger of a new strike of steel workers or of a new outbreak of rioting in East Youngstown today, according to a statement this morning by Sheriff J. C. Umsted who has been watching the situation since Sunday night when the steel mill suburb became alarmed by rumors of fresh trouble.

Forty special deputies, sworn in by Mayor Cunningham of East Youngstown Sunday night, were still on duty

CHOSEN PRESIDENT BY UNANIMOUS VOTE



Charles Lathrop Pack, financier, worker in many public-spirited movements and one of the fathers of the conservation movement, was unanimously elected president of the American Forestry Association at its thirty-fifth annual convention in Boston a few days ago. He succeeds Dr. Henry S. Drinker, president of Lehigh University, who retired after three years of service, during which the association made long strides forward.

Today there were no disturbances. Frank Gordon is in the city hospital badly beaten up as the result of the efforts of Deputy John Palopetro to disperse a noisy group of agitators on a street corner. There were no other casualties.

WATER POWER RIGHTS DECIDED

States Can Exercise Right of Eminent Domain in Condemnation of Power Sites and Water Rights.

Washington, Jan. 24.—In a decision of wide effect to water power development throughout the United States, the Supreme court held today that states possess the power to enact laws authorizing condemnation of power sites, and water rights by right of eminent domain.

The decision was announced by Justice Holmes in upholding the constitutionality of the Alabama water power condemnation statutes in a case touching the improvement of Tallapoosa river.

"The principal argument," said Justice Holmes, "is that the purpose of the condemnation is not a public one. In the organic relations of modern society it may sometimes be hard to draw the line that is supposed to limit the authority of the legislature to exercise or delegate the power of eminent domain."

"But to gather the streams from waste and to draw from them energy, labor without brains and so to save mankind from toil is to supply what next to intelligence is the very foundation of all our achievements. If that purpose is not public we should be at a loss to say what is."

GENERAL VILLA AT SANTA ANA

Takes Possession of Hearst Ranch and Makes Preparation for Extensive Campaign.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 24.—Arrivals from Maderia, Chihuahua, today reported General Francisco Villa was at Santa Ana on the Babicora ranch, the Hearst property, making preparations for an extensive campaign. It was said that he had gathered 1,000 men and had taken 500 cattle from the Babicora ranch for mounts and was killing 250 head of cattle daily and drying the flesh for provisions.

PERSONALS OF THE FOREST SERVICE

Assistant District Forester A. C. McCain has returned from Richfield where he spent the past three days attending a convention of the forest rangers of southern Utah. He will go to Provo tomorrow to attend a rangers convention.

Forest Examiners Asa L. Brewer has gone to the Wasatch and Uintah forests with headquarters at Salt Lake, Provo and Park City, to get data on the consumption of mining timber.

George H. Barney, forest supervisor of the Powell forest with headquarters at Escalante, is spending a few days at headquarters in Ogden to make up an estimate of supplies needed in his forest during the year 1916.

Sleigh Ride.—The officers of the State Industrial school this afternoon are entertaining twenty-six girls of the school sleigh riding.

INCOME TAX LAW CONSTITUTIONAL

United States Supreme Court Upholds Measure in Opinion Handed Down Today.

FIFTY-YEAR FIGHT

Five Separate Suits Brought—Bitter Contest in 1894 and 1895—Joseph H. Choate Stout Defender.

Washington, Jan. 24.—The supreme court today upheld the constitutionality of the income tax law. Chief Justice White gave the court's decision, sweeping aside all the many objections to its constitutionality in whole, or in part.

Chief Justice White announced the decision in the case of Frank R. Brushaber, stockholder of the Union Pacific railroad, who sought to enjoin the company from paying the tax on the ground it was unconstitutional.

Most of Justice White's opinion was directed toward overruling the contention that the income tax amendment provided a hitherto unknown power of taxation. Going far into the history of income tax legislation, the chief justice concluded the argument was without merit.

Advancing to other points, the chief justice held that the tax was not unconstitutional because it was retroactive.

The argument that the law was unconstitutional because labor, agricultural and horticultural organizations and such were exempt, the chief justice was answered by decisions under the corporation tax law. He said the point was only another illustration of an erroneous assumption that the tax was imposed under a new power conferred upon the government by the sixteenth amendment, whereas it was a power recognized to exist from the beginning of the government and thus decisions defining the taxing power previously rendered were applicable to it.

Then grouping a number of other contentions against the law, all based on the clause of the constitution requiring uniformity in taxation, Chief Justice White pronounced them all lacking in merit because of previous decisions which determined that the clauses exacted only a geographical uniformity.

The group included the contentions that the tax lacked uniformity because it:

Levies one tax on incomes of individuals up to \$20,000 and a higher rate on incomes above that amount, allows a greater exemption for married persons than single ones and bases the tax on wealth alone.

Because it requires corporations, at great expense, to perform the government's work, without compensation of collecting at the source;

Because corporations indebted upon coupon and registered bonds are relieved of labor and expense involved in deducting and paying the taxes of individuals upon the income derived from bonds;

Because corporations required to pay at the source would often pay taxes for persons not required because of exemptions to pay;

Because bondholders, during the interval between the deducting and the paying of the tax on their bonds, are deprived of the use of their money withheld;

Because bondholders of corporations which fail before they pay the tax would be required to pay the tax although the corporation had deducted the tax from the amount due the bondholders;

Because of double payment of taxes where corporations assume the payment of taxes on bonds;

Because of the amount of the interest on indebtedness to be deducted from gross income of certain corporations;

Because individuals are allowed to deduct from gross income dividends paid them by corporations, but corporations are not allowed to make such deductions;

Because individuals whose income is less than \$20,000 are allowed to deduct \$3000 or \$4000 from those receiving more than \$20,000 are not allowed to make such deduction a second time for the additional tax;

Because greater deductions are allowed man and wife living together than those living separately;

Because owners of houses in which they live are not compelled to estimate the rental value in making up their incomes, while those living in rented houses and paying rent are not allowed, in making up their taxable income, to deduct rent.

Supreme Court Decision.

Washington, Jan. 24.—The interstate commerce commission has exclusive power to compel railroads to equip grain cars with bulkheads or bin doors and state courts are without power, the supreme court decided today in the suit of Leslie G. Loomis of Buffalo against the Lehigh Valley railroad.

YOUNG WOMAN JUMPS TO DEATH

Chicago, Jan. 24.—Miss Minnie B. Werner, 24 years-old, a stenographer employed by the Railway Age Gazette, plunged from the sixteenth floor of the Transportation building in Dearborn street today. Her fall was broken by an auto truck loaded with paper boxes.

Physicians declared that her skull was fractured and she had sustained probably fatal internal injuries. The police said they believed the young woman jumped from the ledge.